Name:

Imagine a bug with a wheel on its back, sounds pretty cool, right? Well, meet the wheel bug, a fascinating insect that gets its name from the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on its back. This curious creature is one of the largest members of the assassin bug family, growing up to 1.5 inches long. Their bodies are usually brown or grey, and they have long, slender legs and antennae.



Continuing our journey, let's delve into the habitats of these unique bugs. Wheel bugs are native to North America and can be found from coast to coast, living in forests, gardens, and fields. They're true homebodies and usually stay in the same area their whole life. They prefer warmer climates, but can survive in colder regions during the winter by hiding under leaf litter or bark.

Now, what do you think these critters eat? They have quite an appetite for other bugs, including harmful pests like aphids and caterpillars. They use their long, sharp beak to stab their prey and inject a venom that turns their insides into liquid, which they then slurp up like a bug smoothie! Despite their scary feeding habits, wheel bugs are generally not aggressive towards humans unless provoked.

Let's take a peek into the wheel bug's life cycle and defenses. After mating in the fall, the female lays a cluster of eggs that hatch into tiny nymphs in the spring. These nymphs go through several stages of growth before becoming adults, shedding their skin each time. Their wheel-shaped crest not only makes them look cool, but also serves as a warning to predators that they are not a tasty snack.



In the world of bugs, wheel bugs certainly stand out with their unique appearance and lifestyle. They play an important role in controlling pest populations, making them a friend to gardeners and farmers. Though they might look a bit scary, remember they're more interested in gobbling up other bugs than bothering humans. So next time you're exploring the great outdoors, keep an eye out for these incredible insects and their wheel-shaped crests!

|      | Whee   | el Bug Name:  |
|------|--|---|
| Solv | e each problem.  |   |
|      | the article to answer the question.<br>How do wheel bugs feed on their prey?   |   |
| ,    | A. They use their wheel to crush their prey.                                   | B. They inject a venom that turns their prey's insides into liquid. |
|      | C. They tie up their prey with silk before eating it.                          | D. They spin their prey in their wheel to stun them.                |
| 2)   | What is the purpose of the wheel bug's whe                                     | eel-shaped crest?   |
|      | A. It helps them move faster.  | B. It is used to grind their food.                                  |
|      | C. It captures sunlight for energy.  | D. It serves as a warning to predators.                             |
| 3)   | What color are wheel bugs?   |   |
|      | A. They are usually orange or white.   | B. They are usually brown or grey.                                  |
|      | C. They are usually green or black.  | D. They are usually yellow or red.                                  |
| 4)   | Do wheel bugs travel a lot?  |   |
| •)   | A. Yes, they move to new places every season.                                  | B. Yes, they travel south for the winter.                           |
|      | C. Yes, each day they make a new home  | D. No, they usually stay in the same area their whole life.         |
| 5)   | When do female wheel bugs lay their eggs                                       | 5?  |
| ,    | A. In the summer.  | B. In the fall.   |
|      | C. In the winter.  | D. In the spring.   |
| 6)   | How big do wheel bugs get?   |   |
| 0)   | A. Almost 6 inches   | B. Almost 8 inches  |
|      | C. Almost 2 inches   | D. Almost 12 inches   |
| 7)   | Where do wheel bugs usually profer to live                                     | 29  |
| 7)   | Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live A. In forests, gardens, and fields. | B. Only in snow and cold areas.                                     |
|      | C. In deserts and dry areas.   | D. In watery areas like lakes and ponds.                            |
|      |  | •   |
| 8)   | What role do wheel bugs play for gardener                                      |   |
|      | A. They spread pollen from flower to flower.                                   | B. They control pest populations.                                   |
|      | C. They help plants grow faster.   | D. They scare away other insects.                                   |
| 9)   | How do wheel bugs survive in cold region                                       | s?  |
|      | A. Hiding under leaves   | B. By staying with birds in their nest                              |
|      | C. By hiding in underground burrows  | D. By locating caves and staying in them                            |
| 10)  | Wheel bugs are members of what bug fam   | ilv?  |
| ,    | A. Lady bugs   | B. Stink bugs   |
|      | C. Praying mantis  | D. Assassin bugs  |
|      |  |   |

|             | Wheel 2  | Bug                               | Name:         |  |
|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 11)         | What gives the wheel bug its name?   |                                   |               |  |
|             | A. Their eyes are shaped like wheels.  | B. It spins like a wheel when     |               |  |
|             | C. They have wheels instead of legs.   | D. The wheel-shaped crest or      | n its back.   |  |
|             | ermine if the statements is something the a<br>animal would say (N).                   | nimal would say (W) or it it is   | not something |  |
| 12)         | "I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their cro   | ps safe from harmful pests."      |               |  |
| 13)         | "Here's a creepy thing I do - I stab other bug<br>into liquid, which I then drink up!" | gs with my sharp beak and turn t  | their insides |  |
| 14)         | "We wheel bugs are a pest for gardeners and  | l farmers."                       |               |  |
| 15)         | "Please don't provoke me! I won't bother yo  | u if you keep your distance."     |               |  |
| <b>16</b> ) | "I can live anywhere from a dense forest to  | your home garden."                |               |  |
| 17)         | "Want to know how I survive in winter? I hi  | ide under leaf litter or bark!"   |               |  |
| 18)         | "I really enjoy feasting on plants and fruits."  | 1                                 |               |  |
| <b>19</b> ) | "Believe it or not, I'm one of the biggest assassin bugs around."                      |                                   |               |  |
| 20)         | "My wheel-shaped crest, besides being cool   | , acts as a warning to predators. | "             |  |
| 21)         | "I am really tiny, less than an inch long."  |                                   |               |  |
| 22)         | "We wheel bugs lay eggs daily."  |                                   |               |  |
| 23)         | "If you give me a warm climate, I'll be the h  | appiest bug around."              |               |  |
| 24)         | "Here's an interesting tidbit - I usually stay I                                       | put in one place throughout my    | life."        |  |
| 25)         | "I can't stand warm climates, I love cold pla  | ces the most."                    |               |  |
| 26)         | "I am a good friend of aphids and caterpillar  | cs."                              |               |  |
| 27)         | "Sometimes I can be quite a nightmare for a snacks!"                                   | phids and caterpillars, they're m | ny favorite   |  |

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **28)** Wheel bugs use a long, sharp beak to pierce their prey and inject venom, which turns their prey's insides into a liquid that they consume.
- **29)** It is amazing that wheel bugs can survive in a variety of climates, even in colder regions.
- **30)** Wheel bugs are carnivorous and they feed on other bugs like aphids and caterpillars.
- **31**) The way wheel bugs turn their prey into a liquid using their venom before eating it is kind of gross.
- **32**) Wheel bugs are native to North America, living in different places like forests, gardens, and fields.
- **33**) Wheel bugs are the best bugs because they control pest populations and help gardeners and farmers.
- **34**) Wheel bugs shed their skin several times during their growth period from being nymphs to becoming adults.
- **35)** Wheel bugs usually stay in the same area throughout their entire life.
- **36)** Wheel bugs look like they rolled straight out of a sci-fi movie.

Reading



### Wheel Bug

**37)** The way wheel bugs consume their prey is gross.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Wheel bugs are native to North America.
- **39)** Wheel bugs often migrate hundreds of miles during winter.
- **40)** Wheel bugs use their sharp beak to inject a venom into their prey.
- 41) Wheel bugs are so small you need a microscope to view them.
- **42)** The wheel-shaped crest on a wheel bug's back is a warning signal to predators.
- **43**) Wheel bugs prefer to live in cold climates.
- **44)** Wheel bugs are aggressive towards humans.
- **45**) Wheel bugs are found exclusively in Asia.
- **46)** Wheel bugs are members of the assassin bug family.
- 47) Wheel bugs are named after the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on their back.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **48**) Do wheel bugs change their colors?
- **49)** The way wheel Bugs feed by injecting their prey with digestive enzymes and then sucking out the liquefied insides is incredibly gross!
- 50) Wheel bugs have a unique wheel-shaped structure on their thorax.
- 51) Their unique wheel-shaped protrusion on their back is so distinctive!
- 52) Where do wheel bugs live?
- 53) Do wheel bugs have wings?
- 54) Wheel bugs use their long beak-like mouthparts to inject venom into their prey.
- 55) Wheel bugs are beneficial insects as they prey on garden pests like caterpillars and beetles.

|         | Wheel Bug              | Name:       |
|---------|------------------------|-------------|
| 1       | 26                     | 51          |
| 2.      | 27.                    | 52.         |
| 3.      | 28.                    | 53          |
| 4       | 29.                    | 54          |
| 5.      | 30.                    | 55          |
| 6       | 31                     |             |
| 7       | 32.                    |             |
| 8       | 33.                    |             |
| 9       | 34                     |             |
| 10.     | 35.                    |             |
| 11.     | 36.                    |             |
| 12.     | 37.                    |             |
| 13.     | 38.                    |             |
| 14.     | 39.                    |             |
| 15.     | 40.                    |             |
| 16.     | 41                     |             |
| 17      | 42.                    |             |
| 18.     | 43.                    |             |
| 19.     | 44                     |             |
| 20.     | 45                     |             |
| 21      | 46.                    |             |
| 22.     | 47                     |             |
| 23.     | 48                     |             |
| 24.     | 49.                    |             |
| 25.     | 50                     |             |
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Name:

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Continuing our journey, let's delve into the habitats of these unique bugs. Wheel bugs are native to North America and can be found from coast to coast, living in forests, gardens, and fields. They're true homebodies and usually stay in the same area their whole life. They prefer warmer climates, but can survive in colder regions during the winter by hiding under leaf litter or bark.

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Let's take a peek into the wheel bug's life cycle and defenses. After mating in the fall, the female lays a cluster of eggs that hatch into tiny nymphs in the spring. These nymphs go through several stages of growth before becoming adults, shedding their skin each time. Their wheel-shaped crest not only makes them look cool, but also serves as a warning to predators that they are not a tasty snack.



In the world of bugs, wheel bugs certainly stand out with their unique appearance and lifestyle. They play an important role in controlling pest populations, making them a friend to gardeners and farmers. Though they might look a bit scary, remember they're more interested in gobbling up other bugs than bothering humans. So next time you're exploring the great outdoors, keep an eye out for these incredible insects and their wheel-shaped crests!

|      | Wheel I   | Bug  |  | Name:               | Answer | Key |
|------|---|------|--|---------------------|--------|-----|
| Solv | e each problem.   |      |  |                     |        |     |
| Use  | the article to answer the question.   |      |  |                     |        |     |
| 1)   | How do wheel bugs feed on their prey?   |      |  |                     |        |     |
|      | A. They use their wheel to crush their  | B.   | They inject a venom that the                               | urns their          |        |     |
|      | prey.<br>C. They tie up their prey with silk before                                       | Л    | prey's insides into liquid.<br>They spin their prey in the | ir wheel to         |        |     |
|      | eating it.  | D.   | stun them.   | ii wheel to         |        |     |
| 2)   | What is the purpose of the wheel bug's wheel  | l ah | anad areat?  |                     |        |     |
| 2)   | What is the purpose of the wheel bug's wheel A. It helps them move faster.                |      | It is used to grind their foo                              | d                   |        |     |
|      | C. It captures sunlight for energy.   |      | It serves as a warning to p                                |                     |        |     |
| •    |   |      |  |                     |        |     |
| 3)   | <ul><li>What color are wheel bugs?</li><li>A. They are usually orange or white.</li></ul> | D    | They are usually brown or                                  | arou                |        |     |
|      | <ul><li>C. They are usually green or black.</li></ul>                                     |      | They are usually yellow of .                               | •••                 |        |     |
|      |   | D.   | They are assumy years wor                                  | rea.                |        |     |
| 4)   | Do wheel bugs travel a lot?   | Б    | <b>X</b> 7 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)                         | <b>1</b> • <i>j</i> |        |     |
|      | A. Yes, they move to new places every season.   | В.   | Yes, they travel south for t                               | he winter.          |        |     |
|      | C. Yes, each day they make a new home   | D.   | No, they usually stay in the                               | e same area         |        |     |
|      |   |      | their whole life.  |                     |        |     |
| 5)   | When do female wheel bugs lay their eggs?   |      |  |                     |        |     |
|      | A. In the summer.   | B.   | In the fall.   |                     |        |     |
|      | C. In the winter.   | D.   | In the spring.   |                     |        |     |
| 6)   | How big do wheel bugs get?  |      |  |                     |        |     |
| 0)   | A. Almost 6 inches  | B.   | Almost 8 inches  |                     |        |     |
|      | C. Almost 2 inches  | D.   | Almost 12 inches   |                     |        |     |
| 7)   | Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live?   |      |  |                     |        |     |
| .,   | A. In forests, gardens, and fields.   | B.   | Only in snow and cold are                                  | as.                 |        |     |
|      | C. In deserts and dry areas.  | D.   | In watery areas like lakes a                               | and ponds.          |        |     |
| 8)   | What role do wheel bugs play for gardeners a  | and  | farmers?   |                     |        |     |
| 0)   | A. They spread pollen from flower to  |      | They control pest populati                                 | ons.                |        |     |
|      | flower.   |      |  |                     |        |     |
|      | C. They help plants grow faster.  | D.   | They scare away other inse                                 | ects.               |        |     |
| 9)   | How do wheel bugs survive in cold regions?  |      |  |                     |        |     |
|      | A. Hiding under leaves  | B.   | By staying with birds in th                                | eir nest            |        |     |
|      | C. By hiding in underground burrows   | D.   | By locating caves and stay                                 | ing in them         | l      |     |
| 10)  | Wheel bugs are members of what bug family   | ?    |  |                     |        |     |
| _~,  | A. Lady bugs  |      | Stink bugs   |                     |        |     |
|      |   | _    |  |                     |        |     |

C. Praying mantis D. Assassin bugs

|             | Wheel B   | Bug                             | Name:        | Answer Key |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| 11)         | What gives the wheel bug its name?  |                                 |              |            |
|             | A. Their eyes are shaped like wheels.   | B. It spins like a wheel when   | it moves.    |            |
|             | C. They have wheels instead of legs.  | D. The wheel-shaped crest on    | its back.    |            |
| the a       | ermine if the statements is something the an<br>animal would say (N).                   | -                               | not sometl   | hing       |
| 12)         | "I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their crop   | os safe from harmful pests."    |              |            |
| 13)         | "Here's a creepy thing I do - I stab other bugs<br>into liquid, which I then drink up!" | s with my sharp beak and turn t | heir insides | 3          |
| 14)         | "We wheel bugs are a pest for gardeners and   | farmers."                       |              |            |
| 15)         | "Please don't provoke me! I won't bother you  | i if you keep your distance."   |              |            |
| <b>16</b> ) | "I can live anywhere from a dense forest to y   | our home garden."               |              |            |
| 17)         | "Want to know how I survive in winter? I hid  | de under leaf litter or bark!"  |              |            |
| 18)         | "I really enjoy feasting on plants and fruits."   |                                 |              |            |
| <b>19</b> ) | "Believe it or not, I'm one of the biggest assa   | ssin bugs around."              |              |            |
| 20)         | "My wheel-shaped crest, besides being cool,   | acts as a warning to predators. | '            |            |
| 21)         | "I am really tiny, less than an inch long."   |                                 |              |            |
| 22)         | "We wheel bugs lay eggs daily."   |                                 |              |            |
| 23)         | "If you give me a warm climate, I'll be the ha  | appiest bug around."            |              |            |
| 24)         | "Here's an interesting tidbit - I usually stay p  | ut in one place throughout my l | ife."        |            |
| 25)         | "I can't stand warm climates, I love cold place   | es the most."                   |              |            |

- 26) "I am a good friend of aphids and caterpillars."
- 27) "Sometimes I can be quite a nightmare for aphids and caterpillars, they're my favorite snacks!"

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **28)** Wheel bugs use a long, sharp beak to pierce their prey and inject venom, which turns their prey's insides into a liquid that they consume.
- **29)** It is amazing that wheel bugs can survive in a variety of climates, even in colder regions.
- **30)** Wheel bugs are carnivorous and they feed on other bugs like aphids and caterpillars.
- **31**) The way wheel bugs turn their prey into a liquid using their venom before eating it is kind of gross.
- **32**) Wheel bugs are native to North America, living in different places like forests, gardens, and fields.
- **33**) Wheel bugs are the best bugs because they control pest populations and help gardeners and farmers.
- **34**) Wheel bugs shed their skin several times during their growth period from being nymphs to becoming adults.
- **35)** Wheel bugs usually stay in the same area throughout their entire life.
- **36)** Wheel bugs look like they rolled straight out of a sci-fi movie.

**37)** The way wheel bugs consume their prey is gross.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38**) Wheel bugs are native to North America.
- **39)** Wheel bugs often migrate hundreds of miles during winter.
- 40) Wheel bugs use their sharp beak to inject a venom into their prey.
- 41) Wheel bugs are so small you need a microscope to view them.
- 42) The wheel-shaped crest on a wheel bug's back is a warning signal to predators.
- **43**) Wheel bugs prefer to live in cold climates.
- **44)** Wheel bugs are aggressive towards humans.
- **45**) Wheel bugs are found exclusively in Asia.
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## Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **48**) Do wheel bugs change their colors?
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- 52) Where do wheel bugs live?
- 53) Do wheel bugs have wings?
- 54) Wheel bugs use their long beak-like mouthparts to inject venom into their prey.
- 55) Wheel bugs are beneficial insects as they prey on garden pests like caterpillars and beetles.

|     |          |           | Wheel Bug        |        |               | Name: | Answer Key |
|-----|----------|-----------|------------------|--------|---------------|-------|------------|
| 1.  | В        | 26.       | false            | 51.    | exclamatory   |       |            |
| 2.  | D        | 27.       | true             | 52.    | interrogative |       |            |
| 3.  | В        | 28.       | fact             | 53.    | interrogative |       |            |
| 4.  | D        | 29.       | opinion          | 54.    | declarative   |       |            |
| 5.  | В        | 30.       | fact             | 55.    | declarative   |       |            |
| 6.  | <u> </u> | 31.       | opinion          |        |               |       |            |
| 7.  | A        | 32.       | fact             |        |               |       |            |
| 8.  | <u> </u> | 33.       | opinion          |        |               |       |            |
| 9.  | A        | 34.       | fact             |        |               |       |            |
| 10. | D        | 35.       | fact             |        |               |       |            |
| 11. | <b>D</b> | 36.       | opinion          |        |               |       |            |
| 12. | true     | 37.       | opinion          |        |               |       |            |
| 13. | true     | 38.       | true             |        |               |       |            |
| 14. | false    | 39.       | false            |        |               |       |            |
| 15. | true     | 40.       | true             |        |               |       |            |
| 16. | true     | 41.       | false            |        |               |       |            |
| 17. | true     | 42.       | true             |        |               |       |            |
| 18. | false    | 43.       | false            |        |               |       |            |
| 19. | true     | 44.       | false            |        |               |       |            |
| 20. | true     | 45.       | false            |        |               |       |            |
| 21. | false    | 46.       | true             |        |               |       |            |
| 22. | false    | 47.       | true             |        |               |       |            |
| 23. | true     | 48.       | interrogative    |        |               |       |            |
| 24. | true     | 49.       | exclamatory      |        |               |       |            |
| 25. | false    | 50.       | declarative      |        |               |       |            |
|     | Reading  | www.Commo | onCoreSheets.com | Page 4 | 4 of 4        |       |            |

|            |   | el Bug     | Name:                                  |
|------------|---|------------|--|
| olv        | e each problem.                             |            |  |
|            | the article to answer the question.         |            |  |
| 1)         | How do wheel bugs feed on their prey? (pa   |            |  |
|            | A. They use their wheel to crush their      | В.         | They inject a venom that turns their   |
|            | prey.<br>C.                                 | D.         | prey's insides into liquid.            |
|            | С.  | D.         |  |
| 2)         | What is the purpose of the wheel bug's wh   | heel-sha   | ped crest? (paragraph 4)               |
|            | А.  | В.         | It is used to grind their food.        |
|            | С.  | D.         | It serves as a warning to predators.   |
| 3)         | What color are wheel bugs? (paragraph 1)    |            |  |
| - /        | A. They are usually orange or white.        | B.         | They are usually brown or grey.        |
|            | С.  | D.         |  |
| 4)         | Do wheel bugs travel a lot? (paragraph 2)   |            |  |
| •)         | A.  | В          | Yes, they travel south for the winter. |
|            | C.  |            | No, they usually stay in the same area |
|            |   | 21         | their whole life.                      |
| 5)         | When do female wheel bugs lay their egg     | e? (       |  |
| 5)         | A. In the summer.                           |            | In the fall.                           |
|            | C.  | D.         |  |
|            |   | 21         |  |
| 6)         | How big do wheel bugs get? (paragraph 1)    | D          |  |
|            | A. Almost 6 inches                          |            | Almost 8 inches                        |
|            | C. Almost 2 inches                          | D.         |  |
| 7)         | Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live  | e? (parag  | raph 2)                                |
|            | A. In forests, gardens, and fields.         | B.         |  |
|            | С.  | D.         |  |
| 8)         | What role do wheel bugs play for gardene    | ers and f  | farmers? (paragraph 5)                 |
| ,          | A. They spread pollen from flower to        |            | They control pest populations.         |
|            | flower.                                     |            |  |
|            | С.  | D.         |  |
| 9)         | How do wheel bugs survive in cold region    | ns? (parag | graph 2)                               |
| -          | A. Hiding under leaves                      |            | By staying with birds in their nest    |
|            | С.  | D.         |  |
| 0)         | Wheel bugs are members of what bug fan      | nilv? (par | ragraph 1)                             |
| - )        | A.  | •          | Stink bugs                             |
|            | С.  |            | Assassin bugs                          |
| 1)         | What gives the wheel bug its name? (paragr. | anh 1)     |  |
| <b>1</b> ) | A.  |            | It spins like a wheel when it moves.   |
|            | C.  |            | The wheel-shaped crest on its back.    |



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

12) "I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their crops safe from harmful pests." (paragraph 5)