Imagine a tiny creature, dressed in a fiery red armor, no bigger than a grain of rice, meet the fire ant! These fascinating little critters have a reddish-brown color, almost like a tiny spark of fire. They are known for their distinctive mound-shaped nests, which they build using soil. And they've got a sting that's as fiery as their color, which is how they got their name.

Now that we've seen their fiery exterior, let's peek into their homes. Fire ants live all over the world, but mostly in warm climates like the southern parts of the United States.

They build large colonies in soil, with mounds that can be up to 18 inches high. Inside these mounds, they make a network of tunnels and chambers where they live and raise their young.

From their fiery houses, these little warriors venture out in search of food. They are omnivores, meaning they eat both plants and other small creatures. Their diet includes seeds, fruits, insects, and even small animals. In fact, they are known to attack in groups to take down larger prey.



Fire ants are not just interesting, they're also important players in the ecosystem. They help control pests by eating other insects and small animals. However, they can also be a nuisance to humans, as their stings are painful and can cause allergic reactions. So next time you see a mound in the ground, remember the fiery little warriors beneath, and keep a respectful distance.



### Fire Ants

#### Solve each problem.

|    | the article to answer the question.<br>What choice is a color that fire ants may be? |    |   |
|----|--|----|---|
| ,  | A. brown   | B. | green   |
|    | C. blue  |    | yellow  |
| 2) | How do fire ants help control pests?   |    |   |
|    | A. by building walls to keep pests out   | B. | by eating other insects and small animals                     |
|    | C. by releasing a natural pesticide  | D. | by scaring away pests   |
| 3) | How do fire ants defend themselves?  |    |   |
|    | A. by flying away  | В. | by making loud noises   |
|    | C. with their sting  | D. | by hiding in their nest                                       |
| 4) | What do fire ants eat?   |    |   |
|    | A. both plants and other small creatures   | В. | they do not eat   |
|    | C. only other small creatures  | D. | only plants   |
| 5) | Do fire ant stings cause allergic reactions?   |    |   |
|    | A. Only in animals   | В. | Only in some people   |
|    | C. Yes   | D. | No  |
| 6) | What do fire ants use to build their nests?  |    |   |
|    | A. soil  | В. | leaves  |
|    | C. twigs   | D. | rocks   |
| 7) | Where do fire ants live mostly?  |    |   |
|    | A. cold climates like the North Pole   | В. | wet environments like marshes and                             |
|    |  | Б  | swamps  |
|    | C. hot environments like deserts   | D. | warm climates like the southern parts<br>of the United States |
| 8) | How big can a fire ant mound be?   |    |   |
|    | A. up to 1 mile  | В. | up to 10 feet   |
|    | C. up to 18 inches   | D. | up to 3 inches  |
| 9) | What is the size of a fire ant?  |    |   |
|    | A. About the size of a grain of rice   | В. | Microscopic   |
|    | C. About the size of a golf ball   | D. | About the size of a cell phone                                |
| 0) | Which choice best describes fire ants diets?   |    |   |
|    | A. plants only   | В. | fire ants do not eat  |
|    | C. plants and animals  | D. | animals only  |

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Plants and small creatures, we consume them all, we are true omnivores."

Page 2 of 6

| 1-10  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|
| 11-20 | 45 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 0 |

|             | Fire Ants Name:   |
|-------------|---|
| 12)         | "Fear our strength! Even large prey is vulnerable when we attack in groups."                                    |
| 13)         | "Some people think our homes look like tiny volcanoes. They are mounds built from soil."                        |
| 14)         | "We pose no nuisance to humans."  |
| 15)         | "Our homes beneath the mounds are interconnected by tunnels and chambers where we raise our young."             |
| 16)         | "I just adore cold climates, the chillier the better."  |
| 17)         | "I am a peaceful ant and not a warrior."  |
| 18)         | "Our stings can be quite a bother to humans, they can cause painful allergic reactions."                        |
| 19)         | "By dining on other insects and small animals, we assist in pest control."                                      |
| 20)         | "We're pretty small. Usually around the size of a rice grain."  |
| 21)         | "I couldn't survive in warm climates."  |
| 22)         | "The mounds we build can be up to 18 inches high. That's probably as tall as your desk."                        |
| 23)         | "I am a vegetarian."  |
| 24)         | "We fire ants live all over the world, but we prefer warm places like the southern parts of the United States." |
| 25)         | "Our colonies are always small less than an inch tall."   |
| 26)         | "Sting? No way, I'm a peaceful creature."   |
| 27)         | "Beware of my sting, it burns like fire, hence my name - fire ant."   |
| Dete        | ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.                           |
| 28)         | Fire ants help to control pests by eating other insects and small animals.                                      |
| 29)         | Fire ants stings, which are very painful, make them very scary to be around.                                    |
| 30)         | Fire ants are omnivores, they eat both plants and other creatures.  |
| 31)         | The mounds that fire ants build are fascinating to see.   |
| 32)         | Fire ants build their homes in soil, forming mounds.  |
| 33)         | Fire ants are more fun to learn about than regular ants.  |
| 34)         | A fire ant sting can cause painful allergic reactions in humans.  |
| 35)         | Fire ant colonies can be found in warm climates, like southern parts of the United States.                      |
| 36)         | The reddish-brown color of fire ants is quite beautiful.  |
| 37)         | Fire ants are extraordinary because they can conquer larger prey.   |
| Dete        | ermine if the statement is true or false.   |
| 38)         | Fire ants may eat fruits and seeds.   |
| <b>39</b> ) | Unlike other ants, fire ants build their homes in the trees.  |
| <b>40</b> ) | Fire ants build their nests using soil.   |
| 41)         | Fire ants are typically dark brown, almost black.   |
| 42)         | Fire ants build mounds that can reach up to 18 inches in height.  |
| 42)         |   |

- **43**) Fire ant colonies are usually found in cold areas.
- **44)** Fire ants do not have stingers and defend by biting.

|             |   | Fire Ants       | Name:  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| <u>45</u> ) | Fire ants are predators and only eat                |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46)         | Fire ants are known to attack in large groups.      |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47)         | Fire ants got their name because of                 |                 | sting  |  |  |  |  |
|             | C   | Ĩ               | Ū  |  |  |  |  |
|             | ermine which choice is the expande                  |                 | e underlined contraction.<br>pulations by laying eggs inside them. |  |  |  |  |
| 40)         | A. There are  |                 | There is   |  |  |  |  |
|             | C. They are   |                 | There was  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>49</b> ) | Fire ants' stings feel like they're bur             | ning which i    | s why they're called fire ante                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 49)         | A. they are   | -               | they have  |  |  |  |  |
|             | C. they were  |                 | there are  |  |  |  |  |
| 50)         | Fire ants <u>don't</u> just sting, they also b      | ital            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30)         | A. does not   |                 | cannot   |  |  |  |  |
|             | C. did not  | D.              | do not   |  |  |  |  |
| 51)         | Fire ants aren't found just in the Uni              | ited States th  | ev're also in Australia and Asia                                   |  |  |  |  |
| 01)         | A. are not  |                 | have not   |  |  |  |  |
|             | C. will not   | D.              | were not   |  |  |  |  |
| 52)         | When it floods, fire ants <u>can't</u> swim         | but they can    | make a living raft.  |  |  |  |  |
| - /         | A. could not  | •               | can  |  |  |  |  |
|             | C. cannot   | D.              | will not   |  |  |  |  |
|             | ermine if the sentence is a declarat<br>erative(m). | ive(d), exclaı  | matory(e), interrogative(i) or                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 53)         | Wow, fire ants can lift 20 times the                | ir body weigł   | ht!  |  |  |  |  |
| 54)         | Be cautious around fire ant mounds                  | 5.              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55)         | What do fire ants eat?                              |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56)         | Wow, fire ants live in large colonie                | s!              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57)         | Fire ants eat plants, seeds, insects, a             | and even sma    | Il animals.  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>58</b> ) | What color are fire ants?                           |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>59</b> ) | The life cycle of fire ants starts with             | h the queen la  | aying eggs.  |  |  |  |  |
| 60)         | Where do fire ants build their home                 | es?             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61)         | Fire ants can cause painful stings an               | nd allergic rea | actions in humans.   |  |  |  |  |

- **62**) Clean up your food to avoid attracting fire ants.
- **63**) Ouch, fire ant stings can be really painful!
- 64) Stay away from fire ants to avoid getting stung.

## Determine which choice is the conclusion that can be drawn from the statement.

|             | Fire A  | nts Nar   | ne:     |
|-------------|---|---|---------|
| 65)         |   | Fire ants build their nests in mounds of soil outdoors or in decayed logs and around trees and stumps. Based on this statement, what conclusion can be drawn about fire ants? |         |
|             | A. Fire ants are a type of marine ant.  | B. Fire ants can adapt to both open forested environments.  | and     |
|             | C. Fire ants can't survive in outdoor environments.   | D. Fire ants only live in trees and stumps.   |         |
| 66)         | Fire ants are omnivores, meaning they eat b<br>statement, what conclusion can we draw ab        |   | this    |
|             | A. Being omnivores allows fire ants to have a wider variety of food sources.                    | B. Being omnivores has no benefit fire ants.  | for     |
|             | C. Being omnivores makes fire ants pickier eaters.  | D. Being omnivores means fire ant only eat one type of food.  | s can   |
| <b>57</b> ) | Fire ants are known to prey on small animal statement, what conclusion can be drawn at          | • •   | on this |
|             | A. Fire ants solely feed on crops.  | B. Fire ants do not interact with any other organisms.  | у       |
|             | C. Fire ants are typically harmless to crops and small animals.                                 | D. Fire ants can pose a serious thre biodiversity and farming.  | at to   |
| <b>58</b> ) | When a fire ant mound is disturbed, the ante colony. Based on this statement, what concl        |   | neir    |
|             | A. Fire ants have venomous stingers, but<br>they prefer running away to using<br>them.          | B. Fire ants are naturally friendly a calm insects.   | nd      |
|             | C. Fire ants can't defend their colony.   | D. Fire ants are fiercely protective their colony.  | of      |
| <b>69</b> ) | Fire ants have a painful sting and are more a statement, what conclusion can we draw ab humans? | -   |         |
|             | A. Fire ants can be harmful to humans.  | B. Fire ants make great pets for hum  | mans.   |
|             | C. Fire ants are defenseless against  | D. Fire ants are friendly to humans   |         |

- C. Fire ants are defenseless against humans.
- D. Fire ants are friendly to humans.

|     |         | Fire Ants                |             | Name: |  |
|-----|---------|--------------------------|-------------|-------|--|
| 1.  |         | 26                       | 51          |       |  |
| 2.  |         | 27                       | 52          |       |  |
| 3.  |         | 28                       | 53          |       |  |
| 4.  |         | 29                       | 54          |       |  |
| 5.  |         | 30                       | 55          |       |  |
| 6.  |         | 31                       | 56          |       |  |
| 7.  |         | 32                       | 57          |       |  |
| 8.  |         | 33                       | 58          |       |  |
| 9.  |         | 34                       | 59          |       |  |
| 10. |         | 35                       | 60.         |       |  |
| 11. |         | 36                       | 61.         |       |  |
| 12. |         | 37                       | 62.         |       |  |
| 13. |         | 38                       | 63          |       |  |
| 14. |         | 39                       | 64.         |       |  |
| 15. |         | 40                       | 65.         |       |  |
| 16. |         | 41                       | 66          |       |  |
| 17. |         | 42.                      | 67          |       |  |
| 18. |         | 43                       | 68          |       |  |
| 19. |         | 44                       | 69.         |       |  |
| 20. |         | 45                       | -           |       |  |
| 21. |         | 46                       | -           |       |  |
| 22. |         | 47                       | -           |       |  |
| 23. |         | 48                       | -           |       |  |
| 24. |         | 49                       | -           |       |  |
| 25. |         | 50                       | _           |       |  |
|     | Reading | www.CommonCoreSheets.com | Page 6 of 6 |       |  |

Imagine a tiny creature, dressed in a fiery red armor, no bigger than a grain of rice, meet the fire ant! These fascinating little critters have a reddish-brown color, almost like a tiny spark of fire. They are known for their distinctive mound-shaped nests, which they build using soil. And they've got a sting that's as fiery as their color, which is how they got their name.

Now that we've seen their fiery exterior, let's peek into their homes. Fire ants live all over the world, but mostly in warm climates like the southern parts of the United States.

They build large colonies in soil, with mounds that can be up to 18 inches high. Inside these mounds, they make a network of tunnels and chambers where they live and raise their young.

From their fiery houses, these little warriors venture out in search of food. They are omnivores, meaning they eat both plants and other small creatures. Their diet includes seeds, fruits, insects, and even small animals. In fact, they are known to attack in groups to take down larger prey.



Fire ants are not just interesting, they're also important players in the ecosystem. They help control pests by eating other insects and small animals. However, they can also be a nuisance to humans, as their stings are painful and can cause allergic reactions. So next time you see a mound in the ground, remember the fiery little warriors beneath, and keep a respectful distance.



Fire Ants

Name: Answer Key

#### Solve each problem.

| 5010 | e each problem.  |      |  |
|------|--|------|--|
|      | the article to answer the question.<br>What choice is a color that fire ants may be? |      |  |
|      | A. brown   | В.   | green                                      |
|      | C. blue  | D.   | yellow                                     |
|      |  |      |  |
| 2)   | How do fire ants help control pests?   | р    | her actions other increases and areall     |
|      | A. by building walls to keep pests out   | В.   | by eating other insects and small animals  |
|      | C by releasing a natural particida   | Л    | by scaring away pests                      |
|      | C. by releasing a natural pesticide  | D.   | by scaling away pests                      |
| 3)   | How do fire ants defend themselves?  |      |  |
|      | A. by flying away  | В.   | by making loud noises                      |
|      | C. with their sting  | D.   | by hiding in their nest                    |
| Δ    | What do fire ants eat?   |      |  |
| 4)   |  | D    | they do not ast                            |
|      | A. both plants and other small creatures   |      | they do not eat                            |
|      | C. only other small creatures  | D.   | only plants                                |
| 5)   | Do fire ant stings cause allergic reactions?   |      |  |
|      | A. Only in animals   | В.   | Only in some people                        |
|      | C. Yes   | D.   | No   |
| 0    | What do fire onto use to build their posto?  |      |  |
| 6)   | What do fire ants use to build their nests?<br>A. soil                               | D    | leaves                                     |
|      | C. twigs   |      | rocks                                      |
|      | C. twigs   | D.   | IUCKS                                      |
| 7)   | Where do fire ants live mostly?  |      |  |
|      | A. cold climates like the North Pole   | В.   | wet environments like marshes and          |
|      |  |      | swamps                                     |
|      | C. hot environments like deserts   | D.   | warm climates like the southern parts      |
|      |  |      | of the United States                       |
| 8)   | How big can a fire ant mound be?   |      |  |
|      | A. up to 1 mile  | B.   | up to 10 feet                              |
|      | C. up to 18 inches   | D.   | up to 3 inches                             |
| 0)   |  |      |  |
| 9)   | What is the size of a fire ant?  | п    |  |
|      | A. About the size of a grain of rice   |      | Microscopic                                |
|      | C. About the size of a golf ball   | D.   | About the size of a cell phone             |
| 10)  | Which choice best describes fire ants diets?   |      |  |
|      | A. plants only   | В.   | fire ants do not eat                       |
|      | C. plants and animals  | D.   | animals only                               |
| Date | ermine if the statements is something the an   | im   | ) would say (W) or it it is not something  |
| 1760 | er mine it the statements is sumetime the all  | unic | n wuunu sav uv i ur ir ir is nut sumerinng |

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Plants and small creatures, we consume them all, we are true omnivores."

|             | Fire Ants  | Name:       | Answer | Kov |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|-------------|--------|-----|--|--|--|
| <u>12</u> ) | "Fear our strength! Even large prey is vulnerable when we attack in groups."                           | Inallie.    | Answei | Ксу |  |  |  |
| 13)         | "Some people think our homes look like tiny volcanoes. They are mounds bu                              | uilt from s | oil "  |     |  |  |  |
| 14)         |  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 15)         | "Our homes beneath the mounds are interconnected by tunnels and chambers where we raise our young."    |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 16)         | "I just adore cold climates, the chillier the better."   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 17)         | "I am a peaceful ant and not a warrior."   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 18)         | "Our stings can be quite a bother to humans, they can cause painful allergic r                         | eactions."  | ,      |     |  |  |  |
| 19)         | "By dining on other insects and small animals, we assist in pest control."                             |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 20)         | "We're pretty small. Usually around the size of a rice grain."   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 21)         | "I couldn't survive in warm climates."   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 22)         | "The mounds we build can be up to 18 inches high. That's probably as tall as                           | your desl   | ς."    |     |  |  |  |
| 23)         | "I am a vegetarian."   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 24)         | "We fire ants live all over the world, but we prefer warm places like the south<br>the United States." | hern parts  | of     |     |  |  |  |
| 25)         | "Our colonies are always small less than an inch tall."  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 26)         | "Sting? No way, I'm a peaceful creature."  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 27)         | "Beware of my sting, it burns like fire, hence my name - fire ant."                                    |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| Dete        | ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the                           | e article.  |        |     |  |  |  |
| 28)         | Fire ants help to control pests by eating other insects and small animals.                             |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 29)         | Fire ants stings, which are very painful, make them very scary to be around.                           |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 30)         | Fire ants are omnivores, they eat both plants and other creatures.                                     |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 31)         | The mounds that fire ants build are fascinating to see.  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 32)         | Fire ants build their homes in soil, forming mounds.   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 33)         | Fire ants are more fun to learn about than regular ants.   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 34)         | A fire ant sting can cause painful allergic reactions in humans.                                       |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 35)         | Fire ant colonies can be found in warm climates, like southern parts of the U                          | nited State | es.    |     |  |  |  |
| 36)         | The reddish-brown color of fire ants is quite beautiful.   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 37)         | Fire ants are extraordinary because they can conquer larger prey.                                      |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| Dete        | ermine if the statement is true or false.  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 38)         | Fire ants may eat fruits and seeds.  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| <b>39</b> ) | Unlike other ants, fire ants build their homes in the trees.   |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| <b>40</b> ) | Fire ants build their nests using soil.  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 41)         | Fire ants are typically dark brown, almost black.  |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 42)         | Fire ants build mounds that can reach up to 18 inches in height.                                       |             |        |     |  |  |  |
| 13)         | Fine ant colonies are very live found in cold areas  |             |        |     |  |  |  |

- **43**) Fire ant colonies are usually found in cold areas.
- **44**) Fire ants do not have stingers and defend by biting.

|             | Fire A   | nts   |                                    | Name:       | Answer Key |
|-------------|--|-------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| 45)         | Fire ants are predators and only eat other ins       | ects  |                                    |             |            |
| <b>46</b> ) | Fire ants are known to attack in large groups        | •     |                                    |             |            |
| 47)         | Fire ants got their name because of their pair       | nful  | sting.                             |             |            |
| Dete        | ermine which choice is the expanded form o           | of th | e underlined contraction           | l <b>.</b>  |            |
| <b>48</b> ) | There's a special fly that helps control fire an     | t po  | pulations by laying eggs in        | nside them. |            |
|             | A. There are   | B.    | There is                           |             |            |
|             | C. They are  | D.    | There was                          |             |            |
| <b>49</b> ) | Fire ants' stings feel like they're burning, whi     | ch i  | s why <u>they're</u> called fire a | nts.        |            |
|             | A. they are  | B.    | they have                          |             |            |
|             | C. they were   | D.    | there are                          |             |            |
| <b>50</b> ) | Fire ants don't just sting, they also bite!          |       |                                    |             |            |
|             | A. does not  | В.    | cannot                             |             |            |
|             | C. did not   | D.    | do not                             |             |            |
| 51)         | Fire ants aren't found just in the United State      | s, th | ey're also in Australia and        | Asia.       |            |
|             | A. are not   |       | have not                           |             |            |
|             | C. will not  | D.    | were not                           |             |            |
| 52)         | When it floods, fire ants <u>can't</u> swim but they | can   | make a living raft.                |             |            |
|             | A. could not   | B.    | can                                |             |            |
|             | C. cannot  | D.    | will not                           |             |            |
| Deta        | ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), ex       | rela  | matory(e) interrogative            | (i) or      |            |
|             | erative(m).  | icia. | matory(c), merrogative             | (1) 01      |            |
| 53)         | Wow, fire ants can lift 20 times their body w        | veig  | ht!                                |             |            |
| 54)         | Be cautious around fire ant mounds.                  |       |                                    |             |            |
| 55)         | What do fire ants eat?                               |       |                                    |             |            |
| 56)         | Wow, fire ants live in large colonies!               |       |                                    |             |            |
| 57)         | Fire ants eat plants, seeds, insects, and even       | sma   | ll animals.                        |             |            |
| 58)         | What color are fire ants?                            |       |                                    |             |            |
| <b>59</b> ) | The life cycle of fire ants starts with the que      | en la | aying eggs.                        |             |            |
| 60)         | Where do fire ants build their homes?                |       |                                    |             |            |

- 61) Fire ants can cause painful stings and allergic reactions in humans.
- 62) Clean up your food to avoid attracting fire ants.
- **63**) Ouch, fire ant stings can be really painful!
- 64) Stay away from fire ants to avoid getting stung.

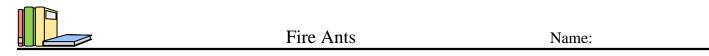
## Determine which choice is the conclusion that can be drawn from the statement.

|             | Fire A   |    |  | Name:      | Answer Key |
|-------------|--|----|--|------------|------------|
| 65)         | Fire ants build their nests in mounds of soil of<br>and stumps. Based on this statement, what co   |    |  |            | 3          |
|             | A. Fire ants are a type of marine ant.   | B. | Fire ants can adapt to both forested environments.     | open and   |            |
|             | C. Fire ants can't survive in outdoor environments.  | D. | Fire ants only live in trees a stumps.                 | and        |            |
| 66)         | Fire ants are omnivores, meaning they eat bo<br>statement, what conclusion can we draw abo   | -  |  |            |            |
|             | A. Being omnivores allows fire ants to have a wider variety of food sources.   | B. | Being omnivores has no be fire ants.                   | nefit for  |            |
|             | C. Being omnivores makes fire ants pickier eaters.   | D. | Being omnivores means fir only eat one type of food.   | e ants can |            |
| 67)         | 67) Fire ants are known to prey on small animals and can even damage crops. Based on this statement, what conclusion can be drawn about fire ants? |    |  |            |            |
|             | A. Fire ants solely feed on crops.   | B. | Fire ants do not interact wire other organisms.        | th any     |            |
|             | C. Fire ants are typically harmless to crops and small animals.  | D. | Fire ants can pose a serious biodiversity and farming. | threat to  |            |
| <b>68</b> ) | When a fire ant mound is disturbed, the ants colony. Based on this statement, what conclu  | -  |  |            |            |
|             | A. Fire ants have venomous stingers, but<br>they prefer running away to using<br>them.   | B. | Fire ants are naturally frien calm insects.            | dly and    |            |
|             | C. Fire ants can't defend their colony.  | D. | Fire ants are fiercely protect their colony.           | ctive of   |            |
| <b>69</b> ) | Fire ants have a painful sting and are more as statement, what conclusion can we draw abor humans?   |    | 1  |            | nis        |
|             | A. Fire ants can be harmful to humans.   | В. | Fire ants make great pets for                          | or humans. |            |
|             | C. Fire ants are defenseless against humans.   | D. | Fire ants are friendly to hun                          | nans.      |            |

|     |          |          | Fire Ants       |        |               | Name: | Answer | Key |
|-----|----------|----------|-----------------|--------|---------------|-------|--------|-----|
| 1.  | Α        | 26.      | false           | 51.    | A             | _     |        |     |
| 2.  | B        | 27       | true            | 52.    | С             |       |        |     |
| 3.  | C        | 28.      | fact            | 53.    | exclamatory   | _     |        |     |
| 4.  | Α        | 29.      | opinion         | 54.    | imperative    | _     |        |     |
| 5.  | <u> </u> | 30.      | fact            | 55.    | interrogative | _     |        |     |
| 6.  | Α        | 31.      | opinion         | 56.    | exclamatory   | _     |        |     |
| 7.  | D        | 32.      | fact            | 57.    | declarative   | _     |        |     |
| 8.  | C        | 33       | opinion         | 58.    | interrogative | _     |        |     |
| 9.  | A        | 34       | fact            | 59.    | declarative   | _     |        |     |
| 10. | C        | 35       | fact            | 60.    | interrogative | _     |        |     |
| 11. | true     | 36       | opinion         | 61.    | declarative   | _     |        |     |
| 12. | true     | 37       | opinion         | 62.    | imperative    | _     |        |     |
| 13. | true     | 38       | true            | 63.    | exclamatory   | _     |        |     |
| 14. | false    | 39.      | false           | 64.    | imperative    | _     |        |     |
| 15. | true     | 40       | true            | 65.    | В             | _     |        |     |
| 16. | false    | 41       | false           | 66.    | Α             | _     |        |     |
| 17. | false    | 42       | true            | 67.    | D             | _     |        |     |
| 18. | true     | 43.      | false           | 68.    | D             | _     |        |     |
| 19. | true     | 44       | false           | 69.    | Α             | _     |        |     |
| 20. | true     | 45       | false           |        |               |       |        |     |
| 21. | false    | 46.      | true            |        |               |       |        |     |
| 22. | true     | 47       | true            |        |               |       |        |     |
| 23. | false    | 48.      | В               |        |               |       |        |     |
| 24. | true     | 49.      | Α               |        |               |       |        |     |
| 25. | false    | 50       | D               |        |               |       |        |     |
|     |          | ww.Commo | nCoreSheets.com | Page 3 | 5 of 5        |       |        |     |

|      |   | Ants                   | Name:                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------|---|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Solv | e each problem.   |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | Use the article to answer the question.                       |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1)   | What choice is a color that fire ants may b                   |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | A. brown<br>C.  | в.<br>D.               | green                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | С.  | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2)   | How do fire ants help control pests? (paragr                  |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | A.  | В.                     | by eating other insects and small animals |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | С.  | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| •    |   |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3)   | How do fire ants defend themselves? (parage A. by flying away | graph 1)<br><b>B</b> . |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | C. with their sting   | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | C C   | р.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4)   | What do fire ants eat? (paragraph 3)                          | р                      | they do not not                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | A. both plants and other small creatures C.                   | D.                     | they do not eat                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |   |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5)   | Do fire ant stings cause allergic reactions                   |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | <ul><li>A. Only in animals</li><li>C. Yes</li></ul>           | В.<br>D.               | Only in some people                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | C. 165  | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6)   | What do fire ants use to build their nests?                   |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | A. soil<br>C.   |                        | leaves                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | С.  | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7)   | Where do fire ants live mostly? (paragraph 2)                 | _                      |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | А.  | В.                     | wet environments like marshes and swamps  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | С.  | D.                     | warm climates like the southern parts     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |   |                        | of the United States                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8)   | How big can a fire ant mound be? (paragraph                   | (2)                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0)   | A. up to 1 mile   | В.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | C. up to 18 inches  | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9)   | What is the size of a fire ant? (paragraph 1)                 |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ")   | A. About the size of a grain of rice                          | B.                     | Microscopic                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | С.  | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10)  | Which choice best describes fire ants diet                    | s? (naraar             | anh 3)                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10)  | A. plants only  |                        | fire ants do not eat                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | C. plants and animals   | D.                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |   |                        |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



11) "Plants and small creatures, we consume them all, we are true omnivores." (paragraph 3)

12) "Fear our strength! Even large prey is vulnerable when we attack in groups." (paragraph 3)

| 1-10  | 92 | 83 | 75 | 67 | 58 | 50 | 42 | 33 | 25 | 17 |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 11-12 | 8  | 0  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |