



Imagine a tiny creature, dressed in a fiery red armor, no bigger than a grain of rice, meet the fire ant! These fascinating little critters have a reddish-brown color, almost like a tiny spark of fire. They are known for their distinctive mound-shaped nests, which they build using soil. And they've got a sting that's as fiery as their color, which is how they got their name.



Now that we've seen their fiery exterior, let's peek into their homes. Fire ants live all over the world, but mostly in warm climates like the southern parts of the United States. They build large colonies in soil, with mounds that can be up to 18 inches high. Inside these mounds, they make a network of tunnels and chambers where they live and raise their young.

From their fiery houses, these little warriors venture out in search of food. They are omnivores, meaning they eat both plants and other small creatures. Their diet includes seeds, fruits, insects, and even small animals. In fact, they are known to attack in groups to take down larger prey.



Fire ants are not just interesting, they're also important players in the ecosystem. They help control pests by eating other insects and small animals. However, they can also be a nuisance to humans, as their stings are painful and can cause allergic reactions. So next time you see a mound in the ground, remember the fiery little warriors beneath, and keep a respectful distance.



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Plants and small creatures, we consume them all, we are true omnivores."
12) "Fear our strength! Even large prey is vulnerable when we attack in groups."



Fire Ants

Name: _____

- 13) "Some people think our homes look like tiny volcanoes. They are mounds built from soil."
- 14) "We pose no nuisance to humans."
- 15) "Our homes beneath the mounds are interconnected by tunnels and chambers where we raise our young."
- 16) "I just adore cold climates, the chillier the better."
- 17) "I am a peaceful ant and not a warrior."
- 18) "Our stings can be quite a bother to humans, they can cause painful allergic reactions."
- 19) "By dining on other insects and small animals, we assist in pest control."
- 20) "We're pretty small. Usually around the size of a rice grain."
- 21) "I couldn't survive in warm climates."
- 22) "The mounds we build can be up to 18 inches high. That's probably as tall as your desk."
- 23) "I am a vegetarian."
- 24) "We fire ants live all over the world, but we prefer warm places like the southern parts of the United States."
- 25) "Our colonies are always small less than an inch tall."
- 26) "Sting? No way, I'm a peaceful creature."
- 27) "Beware of my sting, it burns like fire, hence my name - fire ant."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 28) Fire ants help to control pests by eating other insects and small animals.
- 29) Fire ants stings, which are very painful, make them very scary to be around.
- 30) Fire ants are omnivores, they eat both plants and other creatures.
- 31) The mounds that fire ants build are fascinating to see.
- 32) Fire ants build their homes in soil, forming mounds.
- 33) Fire ants are more fun to learn about than regular ants.
- 34) A fire ant sting can cause painful allergic reactions in humans.
- 35) Fire ant colonies can be found in warm climates, like southern parts of the United States.
- 36) The reddish-brown color of fire ants is quite beautiful.
- 37) Fire ants are extraordinary because they can conquer larger prey.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 38) Fire ants may eat fruits and seeds.
- 39) Unlike other ants, fire ants build their homes in the trees.
- 40) Fire ants build their nests using soil.
- 41) Fire ants are typically dark brown, almost black.
- 42) Fire ants build mounds that can reach up to 18 inches in height.
- 43) Fire ant colonies are usually found in cold areas.
- 44) Fire ants do not have stingers and defend by biting.
- 45) Fire ants are predators and only eat other insects.
- 46) Fire ants are known to attack in large groups.
- 47) Fire ants got their name because of their painful sting.

Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.



Fire Ants

Name: _____

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 53) Wow, fire ants can lift 20 times their body weight!
- 54) Be cautious around fire ant mounds.
- 55) What do fire ants eat?
- 56) Wow, fire ants live in large colonies!
- 57) Fire ants eat plants, seeds, insects, and even small animals.
- 58) What color are fire ants?
- 59) The life cycle of fire ants starts with the queen laying eggs.
- 60) Where do fire ants build their homes?
- 61) Fire ants can cause painful stings and allergic reactions in humans.
- 62) Clean up your food to avoid attracting fire ants.
- 63) Ouch, fire ant stings can be really painful!
- 64) Stay away from fire ants to avoid getting stung.

Determine which choice is the conclusion that can be drawn from the statement.

65) Fire ants build their nests in mounds of soil outdoors or in decayed logs and around trees and stumps. Based on this statement, what conclusion can be drawn about fire ants?

- A. Fire ants are a type of marine ant.
- B. Fire ants can adapt to both open and forested environments.
- C. Fire ants can't survive in outdoor environments.
- D. Fire ants only live in trees and stumps.



Fire Ants

Name: _____

66) Fire ants are omnivores, meaning they eat both plants and other insects. Based on this statement, what conclusion can we draw about how this could benefit the ants?

- A. Being omnivores allows fire ants to have a wider variety of food sources.
- B. Being omnivores has no benefit for fire ants.
- C. Being omnivores makes fire ants pickier eaters.
- D. Being omnivores means fire ants can only eat one type of food.

67) Fire ants are known to prey on small animals and can even damage crops. Based on this statement, what conclusion can be drawn about fire ants?

- A. Fire ants solely feed on crops.
- B. Fire ants do not interact with any other organisms.
- C. Fire ants are typically harmless to crops and small animals.
- D. Fire ants can pose a serious threat to biodiversity and farming.

68) When a fire ant mound is disturbed, the ants get aggressive and attack to defend their colony. Based on this statement, what conclusion can be drawn about fire ants?

- A. Fire ants have venomous stingers, but they prefer running away to using them.
- B. Fire ants are naturally friendly and calm insects.
- C. Fire ants can't defend their colony.
- D. Fire ants are fiercely protective of their colony.

69) Fire ants have a painful sting and are more aggressive than other ant species. Based on this statement, what conclusion can we draw about the relationship between fire ants and humans?

- A. Fire ants can be harmful to humans.
- B. Fire ants make great pets for humans.
- C. Fire ants are defenseless against humans.
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Fire Ants

Name: _____

1. _____ 26. _____ 51. _____

2. _____ 27. _____ 52. _____

3. _____ 28. _____ 53. _____

4. _____ 29. _____ 54. _____

5. _____ 30. _____ 55. _____

6. _____ 31. _____ 56. _____

7. _____ 32. _____ 57. _____

8. _____ 33. _____ 58. _____

9. _____ 34. _____ 59. _____

10. _____ 35. _____ 60. _____

11. _____ 36. _____ 61. _____

12. _____ 37. _____ 62. _____

13. _____ 38. _____ 63. _____

14. _____ 39. _____ 64. _____

15. _____ 40. _____ 65. _____

16. _____ 41. _____ 66. _____

17. _____ 42. _____ 67. _____

18. _____ 43. _____ 68. _____

19. _____ 44. _____ 69. _____

20. _____ 45. _____

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22. _____ 47. _____

23. _____ 48. _____

24. _____ 49. _____

25. _____ 50. _____



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1.	D	26.	Not	51.	A
2.	B	27.	Would	52.	C
3.	D	28.	fact	53.	exclamatory
4.	B	29.	opinion	54.	imperative
5.	C	30.	fact	55.	interrogative
6.	A	31.	opinion	56.	exclamatory
7.	C	32.	fact	57.	declarative
8.	D	33.	opinion	58.	interrogative
9.	C	34.	fact	59.	declarative
10.	C	35.	fact	60.	interrogative
11.	Would	36.	opinion	61.	declarative
12.	Would	37.	opinion	62.	imperative
13.	Would	38.	true	63.	exclamatory
14.	Not	39.	false	64.	imperative
15.	Would	40.	true	65.	B
16.	Not	41.	false	66.	A
17.	Not	42.	true	67.	D
18.	Would	43.	false	68.	D
19.	Would	44.	false	69.	A
20.	Would	45.	false		
21.	Not	46.	true		
22.	Would	47.	true		
23.	Not	48.	B		
24.	Would	49.	A		
25.	Not	50.	D		



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11) "Plants and small creatures, we consume them all, we are true omnivores." (paragraph 3)



Fire Ants

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