Have you ever seen a bird with a wingspan as long as a car? Meet the Albatross! These incredible birds are among the largest flying creatures on Earth, with wings that can stretch up to 11 feet wide. Their bodies are mostly white, but they often have black or gray wings and a big, strong beak which they use to catch their food. They're a sight to see, soaring high above the ocean waves with ease.



Carrying on from their impressive size, let's dive into what these big birds like to eat! Albatrosses are big fans of seafood, with a diet consisting mainly of squid, but they also enjoy a nice serving of krill and other small fish. They're not picky eaters either, sometimes they've been known to snatch food scraps thrown by humans from ships! Their love for fishy treats means they spend most of their life above the open ocean, only coming to land for breeding.

Speaking of breeding, you'll be amazed to learn about the Albatross's life cycle. These birds mate for life, and they return to the same nesting spot every couple of years to lay just one egg. Both parents take turns incubating the egg and the chick stays with its parents for about six months after it hatches. After leaving the nest, they spend most of their lives in flight, only landing to breed and raise their chicks.

Now, you might be wondering how Albatrosses get along with other creatures. Well, they are not aggressive birds and usually keep to themselves. Their main defense against predators, like larger birds, is their incredible ability to stay in flight for long periods. However, their biggest threat is often human activities like fishing, where they can get caught in nets.



So there you have it, the Albatross is a truly unique bird with its massive wingspan, seafood diet, and lifelong partnerships. They've had a tough time due to some human activities, but efforts are being made to protect them and their habitats. Despite their challenges, these birds continue to thrive and amaze us with their incredible flying skills and enduring determination. Let's remember the Albatross, not just as a bird, but as a symbol of the wild, untamed beauty of our oceans.



### Solve each problem.

### Use the article to answer the question.

1) What is the wingspan of an Albatross?

A. up to 8 feet wide

B. up to 5 feet wide

C. up to 11 feet wide

D. up to 6 feet wide

2) What is the main defense of Albatrosses against predators?

A. They have a strong bite.

B. They are very fast runners.

C. They can release a strong odor.

D. Their ability to stay in flight for long periods.

3) Are Albatrosses aggressive birds?

A. Yes, they are slightly aggressive B. Yes, they are very aggressive birds. birds.

C. No, they are extremely friendly birds. D. No, they are not aggressive birds.

4) How often do Albatrosses come to land?

A. Every day to rest.

B. Only for breeding.

C. Every month for food.

D. Every year to change their feathers.

5) Where do Albatrosses spend most of their life?

A. Above the open ocean.

B. On mountain ranges.

C. In cities and towns.

D. In forests and jungles.

6) How many eggs do Albatrosses lay at a time?

A. three eggs
C. two eggs
D. one egg

7) How long do Albatross chicks stay with their parents after they hatch?

A. About two weeks

B. About three months

C. About one year D. About six months

**8)** What color are the bodies of Albatrosses?

A. Mostly gray.B. Mostly white.C. Mostly blue.D. Mostly black.

**9)** What color are the wings of Albatrosses?

A. Black or gray.B. Brown.C. White.D. Green.

**10)** What is the main diet of Albatrosses?

A. Seafood, mainly squid.

B. Insects and small animals.

C. Bread and other human food. D. Seeds and plants.

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

2 of 5

11) "I leave my chick alone after it hatches."

Reading	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	Page



- 12) "I spend most of my life on land."
- 13) "I don't like to stay on land so much, I spend most of my life flying over the ocean."
- 14) "I have a special talent for staying above sea for a long time."
- 15) "I'm a tiny bird with a small wingspan."
- **16**) "Did you know that I eat fish and krill?"
- 17) "My parents take turns taking care of me."
- **18**) "I hate seafood, I prefer fruits."
- **19**) "I stay close to land."
- 20) "I am a ferocious bird, always picking fights."
- 21) "I lay many eggs at a time."
- 22) "You won't see me attacking other birds, but I have to keep an eye out for big ones!"
- 23) "Once I find a partner, I will stick to them for life."
- 24) "Sometimes human activities like fishing cause trouble for me, my giant wings can get caught in the nets."
- 25) "Sometimes I fly for a very long time. I can stay in the air for hours!"
- **26)** "I'm very picky when it comes to food, only fruits and insects."
- 27) "I'm just like you, my mom and dad take care of me when I'm little, but after 6 months I can handle myself."
- 28) "I have wings as wide as a car and I can fly over the ocean waves, way up in the sky."

#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 29) Albatross chicks stay with their parents for about six months after they hatch.
- **30)** Albatrosses are way cuter than other big birds like ostriches.
- **31**) Albatrosses produce only one egg at a time.
- 32) The albatross's ability to catch food in the open ocean is really impressive.
- 33) Albatrosses have mostly white bodies with black or grey wings.
- 34) The way albatrosses return to the same nesting spot every few years is amazing.
- 35) Albatrosses protect themselves from larger birds by staying in flight for extended periods of time.
- **36)** Albatrosses primarily consume seafood such as squid, small fish, and krill.
- 37) Albatrosses amazing wingspan make them the most beautiful bird.
- **38)** It's interesting that albatrosses' only lay one every couple of years.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **39**) Albatrosses spend most of their lives in flight.
- **40**) Albatrosses are small birds that look like penguins.
- 41) Albatrosses often get caught in human fishing nets.
- 42) Albatrosses are aggressive birds who like to pick fights with other birds.
- **43**) Albatrosses mate for life.



- **44)** The albatross spends most of their life on land.
- **45**) Albatrosses have a wingspan that can stretch up to 20 feet wide.
- 46) A newborn albatross will stay with its parents for about four years before leaving the nest.
- **47**) Albatrosses are aggressive birds.
- 48) Albatrosses have a diet that consists mainly of squid.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **49**) Albatross can have a wingspan of over 11 feet.
- **50**) How long do albatrosses live?
- 51) Albatross can live up to 60 years in the wild.
- 52) Albatross can glide for long distances without flapping their wings.
- 53) How fast can an albatross fly?
- **54**) How big is an albatross?

		Albatross		1	Name:	
1.	26.		51			
2.	27.		52			
3.	28.		53			
4.	29.		54			
5.	30.		-			
6.	31.		-			
7.	32.	_	-			
8.	33.		-			
9.	34.		-			
10.	35.		-			
11.	36.		-			
12.	37.		-			
13.	38.		-			
14.	39.		_			
15.	40.		-			
16.	41.		-			
17.	42.		-			
18.	43.		-			
19.	44.		-			
20.	45.	_	-			
21.	46.		-			
22.	47.					
23.	48.	_	-			
24.	49.					
25.	50.		-			

Have you ever seen a bird with a wingspan as long as a car? Meet the Albatross! These incredible birds are among the largest flying creatures on Earth, with wings that can stretch up to 11 feet wide. Their bodies are mostly white, but they often have black or gray wings and a big, strong beak which they use to catch their food. They're a sight to see, soaring high above the ocean waves with ease.



Carrying on from their impressive size, let's dive into what these big birds like to eat! Albatrosses are big fans of seafood, with a diet consisting mainly of squid, but they also enjoy a nice serving of krill and other small fish. They're not picky eaters either, sometimes they've been known to snatch food scraps thrown by humans from ships! Their love for fishy treats means they spend most of their life above the open ocean, only coming to land for breeding.

Speaking of breeding, you'll be amazed to learn about the Albatross's life cycle. These birds mate for life, and they return to the same nesting spot every couple of years to lay just one egg. Both parents take turns incubating the egg and the chick stays with its parents for about six months after it hatches. After leaving the nest, they spend most of their lives in flight, only landing to breed and raise their chicks.

Now, you might be wondering how Albatrosses get along with other creatures. Well, they are not aggressive birds and usually keep to themselves. Their main defense against predators, like larger birds, is their incredible ability to stay in flight for long periods. However, their biggest threat is often human activities like fishing, where they can get caught in nets.



So there you have it, the Albatross is a truly unique bird with its massive wingspan, seafood diet, and lifelong partnerships. They've had a tough time due to some human activities, but efforts are being made to protect them and their habitats. Despite their challenges, these birds continue to thrive and amaze us with their incredible flying skills and enduring determination. Let's remember the Albatross, not just as a bird, but as a symbol of the wild, untamed beauty of our oceans.

Answer Kev Albatross Name:

#### Solve each problem.

#### Use the article to answer the question.

1) What is the wingspan of an Albatross?

A. up to 8 feet wide B. up to 5 feet wide C. up to 11 feet wide D. up to 6 feet wide

2) What is the main defense of Albatrosses against predators?

A. They have a strong bite. B. They are very fast runners.

C. They can release a strong odor. D. Their ability to stay in flight for long periods.

3) Are Albatrosses aggressive birds?

A. Yes, they are slightly aggressive B. Yes, they are very aggressive birds. birds.

C. No, they are extremely friendly birds. D. No, they are not aggressive birds.

4) How often do Albatrosses come to land?

A. Every day to rest. B. Only for breeding.

C. Every month for food. D. Every year to change their feathers.

5) Where do Albatrosses spend most of their life?

A. Above the open ocean. B. On mountain ranges.

C. In cities and towns. D. In forests and jungles.

**6)** How many eggs do Albatrosses lay at a time?

A. three eggs B. four eggs C. two eggs D. one egg

7) How long do Albatross chicks stay with their parents after they hatch?

A. About two weeks B. About three months

C. About one year D. About six months

**8)** What color are the bodies of Albatrosses?

A. Mostly gray. B. Mostly white. C. Mostly blue. D. Mostly black.

**9)** What color are the wings of Albatrosses?

A. Black or gray. B. Brown. C. White. D. Green.

**10)** What is the main diet of Albatrosses?

A. Seafood, mainly squid. B. Insects and small animals.

C. Bread and other human food. D. Seeds and plants.

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "I leave my chick alone after it hatches."

Name:



- 12) "I spend most of my life on land."
- 13) "I don't like to stay on land so much, I spend most of my life flying over the ocean."
- 14) "I have a special talent for staying above sea for a long time."
- 15) "I'm a tiny bird with a small wingspan."
- **16**) "Did you know that I eat fish and krill?"
- 17) "My parents take turns taking care of me."
- **18**) "I hate seafood, I prefer fruits."
- **19**) "I stay close to land."
- 20) "I am a ferocious bird, always picking fights."
- 21) "I lay many eggs at a time."
- 22) "You won't see me attacking other birds, but I have to keep an eye out for big ones!"
- 23) "Once I find a partner, I will stick to them for life."
- 24) "Sometimes human activities like fishing cause trouble for me, my giant wings can get caught in the nets."
- 25) "Sometimes I fly for a very long time. I can stay in the air for hours!"
- **26**) "I'm very picky when it comes to food, only fruits and insects."
- 27) "I'm just like you, my mom and dad take care of me when I'm little, but after 6 months I can handle myself."
- 28) "I have wings as wide as a car and I can fly over the ocean waves, way up in the sky."

#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 29) Albatross chicks stay with their parents for about six months after they hatch.
- **30)** Albatrosses are way cuter than other big birds like ostriches.
- **31**) Albatrosses produce only one egg at a time.
- 32) The albatross's ability to catch food in the open ocean is really impressive.
- 33) Albatrosses have mostly white bodies with black or grey wings.
- 34) The way albatrosses return to the same nesting spot every few years is amazing.
- 35) Albatrosses protect themselves from larger birds by staying in flight for extended periods of time.
- **36)** Albatrosses primarily consume seafood such as squid, small fish, and krill.
- 37) Albatrosses amazing wingspan make them the most beautiful bird.
- **38)** It's interesting that albatrosses' only lay one every couple of years.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **39**) Albatrosses spend most of their lives in flight.
- **40**) Albatrosses are small birds that look like penguins.
- 41) Albatrosses often get caught in human fishing nets.
- 42) Albatrosses are aggressive birds who like to pick fights with other birds.
- 43) Albatrosses mate for life.

Albatross Name: Answer Key

- 44) The albatross spends most of their life on land.
- **45**) Albatrosses have a wingspan that can stretch up to 20 feet wide.
- 46) A newborn albatross will stay with its parents for about four years before leaving the nest.
- **47**) Albatrosses are aggressive birds.
- **48)** Albatrosses have a diet that consists mainly of squid.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **49**) Albatross can have a wingspan of over 11 feet.
- **50**) How long do albatrosses live?
- **51**) Albatross can live up to 60 years in the wild.
- 52) Albatross can glide for long distances without flapping their wings.
- 53) How fast can an albatross fly?
- **54)** How big is an albatross?

Albatross

Name: Answer Key

1.	C	26.	false	51.	declara
2.	D	27.	true	52.	declarati
3.	D	28.	true	53.	interrogati
4.	В	29.	fact	54.	interrogativ
5	A	30.	opinion		
5	D	31.	fact		
'	D	32.	opinion		
	В	33.	fact		
	A	34.	opinion		
0.	A	35.	fact		
1	false	36.	fact		
2.	false	37.	opinion		
3.	true	38.	opinion		
4	true	39.	true		
i	false	40.	false		
6. <sub>.</sub>	true	41.	true		
7	true	42.	false		
18.	false	43.	true		
19	false	44.	false		
20.	false	45.	false		
21.	false	46.	false		
22.	true	47.	true		
23.	true	48.	true		
24.	true	49.	declarative		
25.	true	50.	interrogative		



### Solve each problem.

Jse	the	artic	le to	answe	r the	question.
-----	-----	-------	-------	-------	-------	-----------

1) What is the wingspan of an Albatross? (paragraph 1)

A. B. up to 5 feet wide

C. up to 11 feet wide D.

2) What is the main defense of Albatrosses against predators? (paragraph 4)

A. They have a strong bite.

C. D. Their ability to stay in flight for long

periods.

3) Are Albatrosses aggressive birds? (paragraph 4)

A. B. Yes, they are very aggressive birds.

C. D. No, they are not aggressive birds.

4) How often do Albatrosses come to land? (paragraph 2)

A. Every day to rest. B. Only for breeding.

C. D.

5) Where do Albatrosses spend most of their life? (paragraph 2)

A. Above the open ocean. B.

C. D.

**6)** How many eggs do Albatrosses lay at a time? (paragraph 3)

A. B. four eggs

C. D. one egg

7) How long do Albatross chicks stay with their parents after they hatch? (paragraph 3)

A. About two weeks B.

C. D. About six months

8) What color are the bodies of Albatrosses? (paragraph 1)

A. Mostly gray. B. Mostly white.

C. D.

**9)** What color are the wings of Albatrosses? (paragraph 1)

A. Black or gray. B. Brown.

C. D.

**10)** What is the main diet of Albatrosses? (paragraph 2)

A. Seafood, mainly squid.

B. Insects and small animals.

C. D.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "I leave my chick alone after it hatches." (paragraph 3)



Albatross

Name:

12) "I spend most of my life on land." (paragraph 3)